

$$\frac{x^2 + x - 6}{2 - \sqrt{x-2}}$$

$$x \rightarrow 6^+ \quad \ll \frac{36}{0} \ll$$

$$x-2 \geq 0$$

$$D = [2, 6) \cup (6, +\infty)$$



$$\frac{\overset{\nearrow 36}{(x^2 + x - 6)} \overset{\nearrow 4}{(2 + \sqrt{x-2})}}{4 - (x-2) \ll 6-x}$$



$$\frac{x^2 + x - 42}{2 - \sqrt{x-2}}$$

$$2 - \sqrt{x-2}$$

$$x \rightarrow 6 \quad \frac{0}{0} \text{ " } -13 \cdot 4 = -52$$

" 0

$$\frac{(x^2 + x - 42)(2 + \sqrt{x-2})}{(2 - \sqrt{x-2})(2 + \sqrt{x-2})} = \frac{-1}{\frac{(x-6)(x+7)(2 + \sqrt{x-2})}{4 - (x-2)}}$$

~~6-x~~