

Matematika 1A (Fakulta strojní) - cvičení 12

KMD/M1A a KMD/M1A-P (2012/2013)

Příklad 1. Vypočítejte určité integrály:

- a) $\int_{-1}^3 (x^3 - 3x^2 + 1) dx$ [−4] b) $\int_0^\pi 5 \sin(4x) dx$ [0]
- c) $\int_0^3 e^{\frac{x}{3}} dx$ [3e − 3] d) $\int_0^4 \frac{x-1}{x+1} dx$ [4 − 2 ln 5]
- e) $\int_{-\pi/4}^{\pi/4} 4 \sin^2 x dx$ [−2 + π] f) $\int_{-2}^2 \frac{6}{8+3x^2} dx$ $\left[\sqrt{6} \operatorname{arctg} \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2} \right]$
- g) $\int_1^4 3\sqrt{x} dx$ [14] h) $\int_{-1/2}^{1/2} \operatorname{tg} x dx$ [0]
- i) $\int_{-2}^2 \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} dx$ [4 − 2 arctg 2] j) $\int_0^3 x e^{-\frac{x}{2}} dx$ [−10e^{−3/2} + 4]
- k) $\int_{-1}^1 4x \operatorname{arctg}(2x) dx$ [5 arctg 2 − 2] l) $\int_2^3 \frac{e^{\frac{1}{x}}}{x^2} dx$ [−³√e + √e]
- m) $\int_0^\pi 3 \sin^3 x dx$ [4] n) $\int_1^2 \frac{2(1 + \ln x)}{x} dx$ [ln² 2 + 2 ln 2]
- o) $\int_0^1 \frac{x}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$ [2 − √3] p) $\int_1^2 \frac{6}{6x-1} dx$ $\left[\ln \frac{11}{5} \right]$
- q) $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{2}{\sqrt{16-4x^2}} dx$ $\left[\frac{\pi}{3} \right]$ r) $\int_0^{1/2} \frac{2(1+x^2)}{1-x^2} dx$ [−1 + 2 ln 3]
- s) $\int_0^2 \frac{1}{(5+4x)^3} dx$ $\left[\frac{18}{4225} \right]$ t) $\int_0^3 3\sqrt{x+1} dx$ [14]
- u) $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{2}{x^2-4} dx$ [− ln 3] v) $\int_1^5 \frac{2 \ln x}{x} dx$ [ln² 5]